

# Phospho-TAU (Thr217) Quantitative ELISA Kit

Catalog #: PEL-TAU-T217-Q

**User Manual** Last Revised: June 26, 2024

#### Introduction

RayBio® Phospho-TAU (Thr217) Quantitative ELISA kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of Human, Mouse and Rat phosphorylated TAU (Thr217). An anti-pan TAU antibody has been coated onto a 96-well plate. Standard and Samples are pipetted into the wells and TAU present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-phospho-TAU (Thr217) antibody is used to detect phosphorylated TAU. After washing away unbound antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted into the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of TAU (Thr217) bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

### Storage / Stability

The entire kit may be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. For prepared reagent storage, see kit contents on the next page.



### **Kit Components**

Name	Catalog #	Size / Qty	Description	Storage / Stability After Preparation
Anti-Pan-TAU Microplate	PEL-TAU-Q-A	96 wells	Microplate coated with antipan-TAU antibody.	1 month at -20°C*
Phospho-TAU Standard	PEL-TAU- S202-S	2 vials	Phosphorylated TAU. 1 vial is enough to run each standard in duplicate.	1 week at -20°C
Anti-Phospho TAU (Thr217) Detection Antibody	PEL-TAU- T217-Q-C1	2 vials	Biotinylated anti-phospho-TAU (Thr217) antibody. 1 vial is enough to assay half the microplate.	5 days at 4°C
HRP-Streptavidin	EL-HRP	200 µl	50x concentrated HRP- conjugated streptavidin.	Do not store and reuse.
Wash Buffer	EL-ITEMB	25 ml	20X concentrated wash buffer	1 month at 4°C
Assay Diluent B	EL-ITEME	15 ml	5X concentrated assay diluent	1 month at 4°C
Lysis Buffer	EL-Lysis	5 ml	2X cell lysate buffer	1 month at 4°C
TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent	EL-TMB	12 ml	3,3,5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffer solution	N/A
Stop Solution	EL-STOP	8 ml	0.2 M sulfuric acid	N/A

\*Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge.

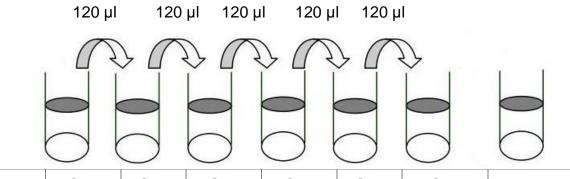
#### **Additional Materials Required**

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm
- Protease and Phosphatase inhibitors.
- Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes
- Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation
- 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders
- Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
- Absorbent paper
- Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions
- Distilled or deionized water
- Shaker



### **Reagent Preparation**

- 1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 25°C) before use.
- 2. Assay Diluent B should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
- 3. Lysis Buffer should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water (for cell lysate and tissue lysate). We also recommend the addition of protease and phosphatase inhibitors (not included) to the lysis buffer prior to use.
- 4. Preparation of Phospho-TAU Standard: Briefly spin the Standard Vial. Add 355 µl of prepared 1X Assay Diluent to prepare a 90 ng/ml standard solution. Gently mix the powder to allow it to dissolve thoroughly. Pipette 240 µl 1X Assay Diluent into each tube. Use the standard solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. 1X Assay Diluent serves as the blank.



	Std1	Std2	Std3	Std4	Std5	Std6	Blank
Diluent volume	355 µl	240 µl					
Conc.(ng/ml)	90	30	10	3.3	1.1	0.37	0

- 5. If the Wash Buffer concentrate contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1X Wash Buffer.
- Preparation of Anti-Phospho TAU (Thr217) Detection Antibody: Briefly spin the vial of biotinylated anti-phospho-TAU (Thr217). Add 100 μl of 1X Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare a phospho detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days or at -80°C for one month). The



concentrate should then be diluted 55- fold with 1X Assay Diluent and used in step 5 of the Assay Procedure.

7. Preparation of HRP-Streptavidin: Briefly spin the vial of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate before use. HRP-Streptavidin should be diluted 50-fold with 1X Assay Diluent and used in step 7 of the Assay Procedure.

### **Assay Procedure**

- 1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 25°C) before use. It is recommended to run all standards and samples in at least duplicate.
- 2. Label removable 8-well strips as appropriate for your experiment.
- Add 100 μl of each standard (see Reagent Preparation step 4) and sample into appropriate wells. Cover the wells and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with gentle shaking.
- 4. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1X Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel pipette or auto-washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- Add 100 µl of prepared 1X biotinylated anti-phospho-TAU (Thr217) (see Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- 6. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
- 7. Add 100 µl of prepared HRP-Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 7) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- 8. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
- 9. Add 100 μl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
- 10. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.



### Assay Procedure Summary

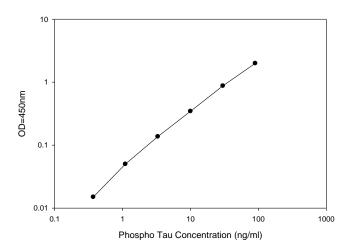
- 1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.
- 2. Add 100 μl of each standard and sample to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with gentle shaking.
- 3. Add 100 µl prepared detection antibody to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- 4. Add 100 µl prepared HRP-Streptavidin solution. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- 5. Add 100 µl TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 6. Add 50 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

### **Typical Data**

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls, and samples, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper or using Sigma plot software, with standard concentration on the x-axis and absorbance on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.

#### A. Standard Curve

These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.





#### B. Sensitivity

The minimum detectable concentration of Phospho TAU (Thr217) is 0.09 ng/ml. Minimum detectable dose is defined as the analyte concentration resulting in an absorbance that is 2 standard deviations higher than that of the blank.

#### C. Spiking & Recovery

The recovery of Phospho TAU (Thr217) spiked to levels throughout the range of the assay was evaluated. Samples were diluted prior to assay.

Sample Type	Average % Recovery
Serum (n=2)	64
CSF (n=2)	105

#### D. Reproducibility

Intra-Assay: CV<10% Inter-Assay: CV<12%

#### E. Specificity

This ELISA antibody pair detects human Phospho TAU (Thr217).



## **Troubleshooting Guide**

Problem	Cause	Solution
Low signal in samples	<ul> <li>Sample concentration is too low</li> <li>Improper preparation of detection antibody</li> <li>Too brief incubation times</li> <li>Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase sample concentration Briefly spin down vials before opening. Dissolve the powder thoroughly.</li> <li>Ensure sufficient incubation time; assay procedure step 3 may be done overnight Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation</li> </ul>
High signal in samples	Sample concentration is too high	Reduce sample concentration
Large CV	<ul> <li>Inaccurate pipetting Air bubbles in wells</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Check pipettes</li><li>Remove bubbles in wells</li></ul>
High background	<ul><li>Plate is insufficiently washed</li><li>Contaminated wash buffer</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, ensure that all ports are unobstructed.</li> <li>Make fresh wash buffer</li> </ul>
Low sensitivity	<ul> <li>Improper storage of the ELISA kit</li> <li>Stop solution</li> <li>Improper primary or secondary antibody dilution</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Store your standard at &lt;- 70°C after reconstitution, others at 4°C. Keep substrate solution protected from light.</li> <li>Add stop solution to each well before reading plate</li> <li>Ensure correct dilution</li> </ul>