
1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification

Product Name Rhesus Macaque ANGPT2 IQELISA Kit
Catalog Number IQK-ANGPT2

Usage

This product is furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

Supplier Identification

Company RayBiotech, Inc.
3607 Parkway Lane, Suite 100
Norcross, GA 30092
USA
Telephone 1-888-494-8555 (Toll Free); 770-729-2992
Fax 770-206-2393
Website www.RayBiotech.com
Email info@raybiotech.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Phone # 1-888-494-8555

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Ingredients

1. Assay Diluent A contains Sodium Azide.

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

Sodium Azide (Assay Diluent A): Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 3), H402; Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 3), H412

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms None
Signal Word/s None

Hazard Statements Sodium Azide (Assay Diluent A): Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects (H412)
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
EYE CONTACT: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
SKIN CONTACT: Wash with clean water or soap and water.
INHALATION: Move to an outside area and breath fresh air. Clear the nose by blowing.

Response

Storage Not applicable.
Disposal Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS Numbers/other identifiers

<u>Ingredient Name</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
Sodium Azide	<0.01	26628-22-8

Any percentage shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin Contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing and clean shoes before reuse.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential Acute Health Effects

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards

Over-Exposure Signs/Symptoms

No specific data.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific Treatments

No specific treatment

Protection of First-Aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire, such as water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or appropriate foam. Prevent contact with skin and eyes.
Chemical Hazards from Fire	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the component containers may burst.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For Emergency Responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel" above.
Environmental Precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Protective Equipment	Wear respirator, chemical safety goggles, rubber boots and rubber gloves.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Small Spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large Spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage

Store the entire kit frozen at -20°C upon arrival.

Handling

Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	No data available
Persistence and degradability	No data available
Bioaccumulation/accumulation	No data available
Mobility in environmental media	No data available
Other hazardous effects	May be harmful to the environment, particularly aquatic organisms.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable national, state, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than national or state requirements. Verify local and state regulations before discharging into public sewers or landfills. Do not dump into any body of water. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service for appropriate methods of disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	Not dangerous goods.
IATA	Not dangerous goods.
ADR	Not dangerous goods.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States (TSCA)	All ingredients are on the inventory or exempt from listing.
Canada (DSL / NDSL)	All ingredients are on the inventory or exempt from listing.
SARA 302 Components	Sodium Azide (Assay Diluent A): CAS 26628-22-8
SARA 313 Components	Sodium Azide (Assay Diluent A): Concentration <0.1%
SARA 311/312 Hazards	Sodium Azide (Assay Diluent A): Acute Health Hazard
California Prop. 65 Components	Sodium Azide (Assay Diluent A): This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer	The above information was obtained from sources available at the time of revision and believed to be accurate and reliable. The information included is not intended to be all inclusive and should only be used as a guide. RayBiotech shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from use, handling, or contact with the above product.
Last Revised	January 18, 2021

